

May-Oct: 0194-2312629 (f) 2312631-Srinagar Nov-April: 0191-2566528 (f) 2566530-Jammu

# JAMMU AND KASHMIR PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Resham Ghar Colony, Bakshi Nagar, Jammu

# NOTICE DATED: 31.12.2016

The syllabus for conducting Written Test [Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)] in subjects viz. Geology and Psychology for the posts of Lecturer (10+2) in School Education Department is notified for the information of the concerned candidates as under:

# **SUBJECT: GEOLOGY**

# **Structural Geology and Global Tectonics:**

Concept of stress and strain and their geological significance, Mechanics of folding and buckling. Faults and dynamics of faulting, Planer and linear fabrics in deformed rocks,

Concept of petrofabrics and symmetry, Interpretation of fabric data on microscopic and mesoscopic scale. Geometrical analysis of simple and complex structures on macroscopic scale. Internal structure of the Earth, Plate tectonics and mountain building. Models of mountain building, Collision tectonics.

# Paleobiology and Stratigraphy:-

Modern concepts of origin of life, Precambrian fossil record and origin of Metazoa. Taphonomy and Fossil communities. Principles of biostratigraphy. Methods and techniques in Paleontology. Morphology and evolutionary trends in Ammonoids, Brachiopods, Graptolites and Trilobites. Morphology, classification. evolutionary trends of Foraminifera, Ostracodes and Conodonts, their ecological and geological significance. Sequence of plant life through geological time. An account of Gondwana plant fossils of India with respect to paleoclimatic conditions. Morphology and applications of spores and pollens. Landmarks in the evolution of vertebrates, Extinction of Dinosaurs, Siwalik vertebrates, Phylogeny of Equidae and proboscidae. Faunal change with respect to tectonic and climate changes. Human evolution, Principals of stratigraphy, Stratigraphic classification, International Code of stratigraphic nomenclature, Concept of stratigraphic facies, Stratigrasphic correlation, Graphic representation of stratigraphic data, seismic stratigraphy, , Magnetostratigraphy. Precambrian- Cambrian, Premian-Triassic,

Cretaceous-Tertiary, and Pliocene Pleistocene boundary problems, in stratigraphy; Paleogeography, paleoclimate, igneous and mountain building activities in the Indian subcontinent from Late Cretaceous.

# **Sedimentology:-**

Sedimentary processes, Sedimentary structures and Textures, Use of textures and structures in sediment dispersal and basin studies. Classification of sediments, Light and heavy minerals. Classification, Environment of deposition, provenance and diagenesis of sandstones, carbonates and mudstones. Sedimentary environments and classification of environments, Lithologies, structures and vertical sequences formed in alluvial, deltaic, coastal, and deep sea, and glacial and aeolian environments. Concept of sedimentary facies, Walters law of facies and application, Sedimentary cycles and cyclothems, Facies models and environmental reconstruction. Scalar properties and paleocurrents, Paleogeographic reconstruction, and basin analysis, Sedimentation and tectonics, Basin evolution in relation to plate tectonics.

# Mineralogy and Geochemistry:-

Internal symmetry in crystals; Twinning and twin laws; Pauling's rule , ionic substitution and crystalline solutions, Polymorphism and pseudomorphism, Exsolution, Non-crystalline minerals (mineraloids). Concept and application of optical indicatrix and interference phenomenon. Orthoscopic and conoscopic study of minerals. Optic figure, optic sign, dispersion, pleochroism and absorption. Determinative methods of Refractive index. Pleochroic scheme and 2V microscopic methods. Axiality and optic sign, Systematic mineralogy of silicates, sulphides, oxides, hydroxides and carbonates. Geochemical classification of elements, Trace Element Geochemistry and concepts of partitioning and distribution coefficients of trace elements between solid and liquid phases vis-à-vis partial melting and magma generation. Distribution of REE in earth's mantle and crust. Isotope geochemistry, decay mechanism and growth of isotopes; Geochronological applications of Rb-Sr, K-Ar, U-Th-Pb and Sm-Nd systematics Stable isotope geochemistry of oxygen and hydrogen.

### **Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology:-**

Magma nature and cooling behavior, volatiles in silicate melts. Classification schemes of igneous rocks; Phase equilibria: Unary, binary and ternary systems. Genesis and tectonic setting of different Magma Types; Application of major and trace elements (including REE) and Sr-,Pb-, and Nd-isotopes studies in deciphering Magma generation, mantle-crust interactions and tectonic environments.

Metamorphism and metamorphic processes, Metamorphic differentiation, Metamorphic facies and systematic description of regional and thermal metamorphism of pelitic, basic-ultra-basic and calcareous rocks. Metamorphic reactions and their implications to geothermobarometry. Metasomatism and anataxis; Regional metamorphism and paired metamorphic belts in reference to plate tectonics. P-T-t paths.

#### Ore, Fuel & Exploration Geology:-

Principal mechanism of formation of the igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic mineral deposits, weathering and placer deposits; Ore deposits and plate tectonics, Mineral economics and national mineral policy in relation to strategic, critical and essential minerals; Ore Microscopy and quantitative methods in ore microscopy; Microchemical studies of ore minerals, Fluid inclusions in ore.

Origin and occurrence of petroleum, Migration and accumulation of petroleum, Reservoir rocks and traps. Petroliferous basins of India. Rank and grade of coal; Origin of kerogen and coal. Geological and geographical distribution of coal deposits in India with emphasis on Gondwana coal fields. Atomic minerals and mode of occurrence of atomic minerals in nature. Atomic minerals as source of energy and productive atomic mineral geological horizons in India.

Principles and methodology of geological prospecting for economic minerals and rocks, sampling methods, reserve estimation, grade and tonnage calculation of the deposits. Mining methods. Concept of geochemical dispersion and pathfinder elements, geochemical sampling and geochemical field techniques. Principle, procedure, equipments used and applicability of gravimetric, Magnetic, electrical, seismic and radiometric geophysical methods, Aeria geophysical surveys.

#### **Tectonic Geomorphology:-**

Geomorphological cycle, Soils and classification of soils, Morphometric analysis of drainage basins, Relationship of morphometric parameters with discharge and sediment yield characters of basins, Morphometric evolution of western Himalayas. Tectonic Geomorphology, Energetics, Active Tectonics & Models of landscape development; Controversies in tectonic geomorphology. Geomorphic Markers. Landform dating techniques, Geomorphic Expression of Faults; Palaeoseismology and field techniques in paleoseismology, Direct and indirect observations of paleoseismic displacements, Paleoseismic landforms, Use of liquefaction induced features and landslides for paleoseismic analysis. Quaternary cycles of climate change and their effect on landforms. Geomorphic sub-divisions of Indian subcontinent and their geomorphic features and evolution with special reference to Landslides, Settlement and subsidence, slope modification and Himalayas. reinforcement, instruments for monitoring slope movements.

#### Hvdrogeology:-

Groundwater table and Groundwater table fluctuations and controlling factors. Subsurface inflow and outflow; Periods of recharge and discharge. Average groundwater fluctuations, effluent and influent streams. Elementary theory of groundwater flow: Darcy's law and its range of validity. Steady and unsteady flow. Porosity and permeability transmissivity, storage coefficient and methods of determination. Water table maps and flow net analysis; differential equation for controlling groundwater flow. Steady, unsteady and radial flow into a well.

Confined and leaky confined and unconfined aquifers. Determination of aquifer characterstics from pump-tests. Groundwater exploration resistivity, magnetic and seismic geophysical methods. Borehole geophysical logging-electrical, resistivity and SP; Radiation logging-gamma, gamma-gamma, and neutron logging. Clipper and temperature logging. Preparation of strata charts, Design of tube well assembly and water well design criteria. Water level development and yield tests. Groundwater modeling techniques. Groundwater basin management methods: Basic ideas of groundwater management. Water logging and artificial recharge. Fresh and saltwater relationship in coastal areas. Groundwater quality analysis. Quality criteria for drinking, irrigation and industrial purposes. Pollution of groundwater. Groundwater and hydro-chemical provinces of India.

#### **Remote Sensing and GIS:-**

Concepts of remote sensing, electromagnetic radiations, matter interactions with atmosphere and terrain, reflectance, absorptance and transmittance, spectral reflectance of vegetation, soils minerals and rocks, scattering processes, basic elements of visual image interpretation, principles of image interpretation, verification and validation of RS data. Picture element and image statistics, preprocessing of satellite data: geometrical corrections of satellite data, image enhancements, types of enchancements, filtering of images, digital image classification: Supervised and unsupervised classifications. Sources of errors and measurement of map accuracy, kappa coefficient. Applications of remote sensing earth sciences, environmental sciences, surveying, hydrological modelling, ground water prospecting,

Geographic Information System (GIS) Components of GIS, GIS software packages, Concept and types of information, integration of spatial and non spatial data, raster and vector data models, geospatial analysis for disaster management with case studies on landslides and floods, GIS for environmental applications like lake management and soil mapping.

#### **Engineering & Environmental Geology:**

Engineering properties and classification of rocks. Factors affecting engineering services of rocks. Engineering properties of soils. Soil liquefaction and creep. Stress distribution in soil and foundation failure. Geological consideration for evaluation of dams, reservoir and tunnel sites, Foundation evaluation techniques. Influence of geological conditions on foundation and design of buildings. Fundamental concepts of environmental geosciences. General relationship between landscape, climate and biomass. Geosciences factor in environmental planning. Earth processes and geological hazards with reference to floods, , landslides, earthquakes, volcanism, and avalanches. Cenozoic climate extremes, their impact on evolution of life especially on human evolution. Energy resources and environment, Environmental effects associated with exploitation of hydrocarbons, coal and atomic minerals. Concept of health geochemistry. Natural chemical anomalies. Radon emission and health.

Geological controls on radon emission levels. Radon emission survey. Use of geochemical maps in land use planning.

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# **SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY**

#### **Introduction: -**

Definition, Goals, Scope and Subject-matter of Psychology, Schools of Psychology, Research methods in psychology.

# **Biological Bases of Behavior:-**

Structure and functions of Neuron, Communication within and between neurons, Structure and Functions of the Central Nervous System and Peripheral Nervous System, Endocrine System.

#### **Sensation and Perception:-**

The Visual and Auditory system, Attention processes, Nature and Theories of Perception (Bottom Up and Top down), Perceptual Organization, Perceptual Constancy, Depth Perception.

#### **Learning Memory:**-

Nature and Principles of Classical Conditioning, Operant Conditioning and Observational Learning, Cognitive Theories Of Learning.

Memory Processes – Encoding, Storage and Retrieval.

Theories of Memory- Atkinson and Shiffrin Model of Memory, Craik and Lockhart levels of Processing Model, Tulving Model of Memory, Theories of Forgetting.

#### Thinking, Reasoning and Intelligence:-

Nature and Process of Thinking, Concept Formation, Problem Solving, Language and Thought , Divergent and Convergent Thinking, inductive and Deductive Reasoning, Nature of Intelligence

Theories of intelligence-Spearman, Thurstone, Guilford, Cattell, Sternberg, Gardener and Jensen

Measurement of Intelligence, Intelligence and Creativity.

#### Personality:-

Theories: Trait and Type Theories, Psychoanalytic Theory, Neo-Freudian, Humanistic And Cognitive Theory, Social learning Theory.

Biological and Socio-Cultural Determinants Assessment of personality-Psychometric and Projective Tests.

#### **Motivation and Emotion:-**

Theories – Psychoanalytic Theory, Drive Theory Need Hierarchy Theory, Incentive Theory, Arousal Theory

Social Motives -Achievement, Affiliation and Power

Emotion: Theories- James-Lange Theory, Cannon-Bard Theory, Schachter- Singer Theory, Opponent Process.

#### Abnormal and Clinical psychology:-

Concept of Abnormality, Classification of Maladaptive Behavior, DSM-IV TR and DSM-V Anxiety Disorders Mood Disorders, Schizophrenia, Personality Disorders and Mental Retardation.

Psychotherapies –Psychoanalytical Therapy, Cognitive Behavioral Therapy, Client Centered Therapy, Group and Family Therapy.

# **Developmental Psychology:-**

Nature, principles and Factors Influencing Development, Physical, Cognitive and Social Development during Childhood and Adolescence.

Piaget and Vygotsky Theory of Cognitive Development, Kohlberg Theory of Moral Development.

#### Social Psychology:-

Nature, Components and Formation of Attitudes, Attitude Change and Attitude Measurement. Group-Structure and Functions of Group, Group Processes-Cooperation, Competition, Social Facilitation, Social Loafing, Social Modeling, Conformity, Obedience.

#### **Organizational Behavior:-**

Structure and Functions of Organization, Work Motivation-Theories: Maslow, Herzberg, Alderfer, McGregor, Vroom

Leadership: Theories and Types of Leadership, Communication in Organizations Recruitment, Training and Development, Job Satisfaction.

# **Health and Positive Psychology:-**

Models of Health Psychology: Biomedical Model and Biopsychosocial Model, Health Belief Model of Health Behavior, Cognitive Behavioral, Approaches to Health Behavior Change, Cancer Related Health Behaviors and substance Related

Disorders and Prevention, Children's Health Issues-Malnutrition ,Autism, ADHD, Health issues of Women and Elderly-Diabetes, Alzheimer's disease and Depression Positive Psychology and its related concepts: Subjective Well-Being, Psychological Well-Being, Emotional Intelligence, Resilience, Self-Efficacy, Optimism, Hope, Mindfulness, Flow, Spirituality, Compassion, Forgiveness and Gratitude, Love, Empathy and Altruism.

# Sd/-(Shakeel Ul Rehman) Secretary & Controller of Examinations

Dated: 31.12.2016

No: PSC/DR/Syllabus/2016/ Copy to the: -

- 1. Director General, Information, J&K Government, Jammu for favour of getting the notice published in atleast two local leading English dailies of Jammu/Srinagar.
- 2. General Manager, Government Press, Jammu for publication of the notice in the next issue of the Government Gazette.
- 3. Deputy Secretary/Under Secretary, J&K Public Service Commission.
- 4. Private Secretary to Chairman, for information of the Hon'ble Chairman.
- 5. Private Secretary to Member, \_\_\_\_\_\_ for information of the Hon'ble Member.
- 6. I/C Website for uploading the notice on website;
- 7. I/C Camp Office, Srinagar for pasting the notice on the Notice Board.
- 8. Main file/Programme file.