# SUBJECT: LAW

#### JURISPRUDENCE

- 1. Schools of jurisprudence: Analytical, historical philosophical and Sociological.
- Sources of law; custom precedent and legislation.
- 3. Rights and duties.
- 4. Legal Personality
- 5. Ownership and possession.

### II. CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA.

- Salient features of the Indian Constitution.
- Preamble.
- 3. Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties
- 4. Constitutional Position of the President and Governors and their powers.
- 5. Supreme Court and High Court, their Powers and jurisdiction.

- 6. Union Public Service Commission and State Public Service Commission : Their Powers and Functions.
  - 7. Distribution of Legislative powers between the Union and the State.
  - 8. Emergency Provisions.
  - 9. Amendment of the Constitution.

#### III. INTERNATIONAL LAW

- Nature of International law.
- 2. Sources: Treaty Custom, General Principles of Law recognized by civilized nations and subsidiary means for the determination of law
  - State recognition and State Succession.
- 4. The United Nations, its objectives and Principle Organs: the constitution, role and jurisdiction of the International Court of justice.

## IV. TORTS

- Nature and definition of tort.
- 2. Liability based on fault and strict liability.
- 3. Vicarious Liability.
- 4. Joint tort-feasors.
- 5. Negligence.
- 6. Defamation.
- 7. Conspiracy
- 8. Nuisance.
- 9. False imprisonment and malcious prosecution.

#### V. CRIMINAL LAW

- 1. General Principles of criminal liability.
- 2. Mensrea.
- General exceptions.
- 4. Abetment and conspiracy.
- 5. Joint and constructive liability.
- Criminal attempts.
- 7. Murder and culpable homicide.
- 8. Sedition.
- 9. Theft, extortion, robbery and dacoity.
- 10. Misappropriation and Criminal breach of trust.

## VI. LAW AND CONTRACT

- 1. Basic elements of contract, offer, acceptance, consideration, contractual capacity.
- 2. Factors vitiating consent.
- 3. Void, voidable, illegal and unenforceable agreements.
- 4. Performance of contracts.
- 5. Dissolution of contractural obligations, frustration of contracts.
- 6. Quasi contracts.
- 7. Remedies for breach of contract.