RECRUITMENT FOR THE POSTS OF SUB DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS (CIVIL) IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS (B&R), GOVT. OF PUNJAB

1.0   This is for information of the candidates who have applied for the posts of Sub Divisional Engineers (Civil) in the Department of Public Works (B&R), Govt. of Punjab that a screening test for recruitment to these posts shall be conducted as per the following schedule :-

Date   : 10th February, 2013 (SUNDAY)
Time   : 11:00 A.M. to 12: 30 P.M.

2.0 The examination centre shall be in Patiala and information of the same shall be mentioned on Admit Cards of all candidates. Details regarding the Admit cards shall be given shortly on the website of the Commission.

3.0 The list of eligible and ineligible candidates shall be uploaded shortly on the Commission's website www.ppsc.gov.in.

4.0 The salient features of the screening test shall be as follows:-

(a) The test will consist of 100 objective type multiple choice questions   (100 Marks).

(i) 50 questions will be of General Ability (50 Marks).
(ii) 50 questions will be of Civil Engineering and related concepts (50 Marks).

(b) The duration of test will be 90 minutes.
(c) Level of the questions will be of graduation standard.
(d) All questions will carry equal marks.
(e) There will be no negative marking.
(f) The marks obtained in the Screening test shall be counted in the final merit list.

4.0 The paper of General Ability and Civil Engineering will include questions covering the following broad fields of knowledge:-

(A) GENERAL ABILITY (50 Marks)

(i) General awareness about the State- Punjab

(ii) Indian Society, History & Culture, Polity, Economy, Human Development Indices and the Development Programmes;

(iii) Everyday science and recent trends in Science and Technology,

(iv)Basic concepts of Ecology and Environment;

(v) Current Affairs of National and International importance

B) CIVIL ENGINEERING (50 Marks)

Engineering Mechanics:

Units and Dimensions, SI Units, Vectors, Concept of Force, Concept of particle and rigid body. Concurrent, non-concurrent and parallel forces in a plane, moment of force and Varignon's theorem, free body diagram, conditions of equilibrium, Principle of virtual work, equivalent force system.

First and Second Moments of area, Mass moment of Inertia.

Static Friction Inclined plane and bearings.

Kinematics and Kinetics : Kinematics in cartesian and polar co-ordinates, motion under uniform and non-uniform acceleration, motion under gravity. Kinetics of particle : Momentum and Energy principles, 'D' Alembert's Principle, Collision of elastic bodies, rotation of rigid bodies, simple harmonic motion.

Strength of Materials:

Simple Stress and Strain, Elastic constants, axially loaded compression members, Shear force and bending moment, theory of simple bending, Shear Stress distribution across cross sections, Beams of uniform strength, Leaf spring, Strain Energy in direct stress, bending and shear.

Deflection of beams:

Macaulay's method, Mohr's moment area method, Conjugate beam method, unit load method. Torsion of Shafts, Transmission of power, closecoiled helical springs, Elastic stability of columns : Euler's, Rankine's and Secant formulae. Principal stresses and strains in two dimensions, Mohr's Circle. Theories of Elastic Failure, Thin and Thick cylinders : Stresses due to internal and external pressures—Lame's equations.

Structural Analysis:

Analysis of pin jointed plane trusses, deflection in trusses. Three hinged and two hinged arches, rib shortening, temperature effects, influence lines in arches. Analysis of propped cantilevers, fixed beams, continuous beams and rigid frames. Slope deflection, moment distribution, Kani's method and Matrix method : Force and Displacement Methods. Rolling loads and influence lines for determinate beams and pin jointed trusses.

Geotechnical Engineering:—Types of soil, field identification and classification, phase relationships, consistency limits, particle size distribution, classification of soil, structure and clay mineralogy.

Capillary water and structural water, effective stress and pore water pressure, Darcy's Law, factors affecting permeability, determination of permeability, permeability of stratified soil deposits.

Seepage pressure, quick sand condition, compressibility and consolidation, Terzaghi's theory of one dimensional consolidation, consolidation test. Compaction of soil, optimum moisture content, Proctor Density.

Subsurface exploration, methods of boring, sampling, types of sampler, field tests.

Shear strength of soils, Mohr-Coulomb failure theory, shear tests.

Earth pressure at rest, active and passive pressure, Rankine's theory, Coulomb's wedge theory, earth pressure on retaining wall.

Bearing capacity, Terzaghi and other important theories, net and gross bearing pressure, Immediate and consolidation settlement.

Load carrying capacity of pile groups.

Stability of slope-Conventional method of slices, stability numbers.

Transportation Engineering:

Highway alignment, choice of layout and capacity of highways, location survey, geometric design of highways—various elements, curves, grade separation and segregation of traffic, intersection design, highway materials and testing subgrade and pavement components, types of pavements, road drainage, elements of airport engineering.

Railway engineering-elements of permanent track-rails, sleepers, ballast and rail fastenings, tractive resistance, elements of geometric design—gradients and grade compensation on curves, cant transition curves and vertical curves, stresses in railway tracks, points and crossings, signalling and interlocking, maintenance of railway track. Culverts and small bridges.

Fluid Mechanics:—Fluid properties, fluid statics, forces on plane and curved surfaces, stability of floating and submerged bodies.

Kinematics:—Velocity, streamlines, continuity equation, accelerations irrotational and rotational flow, velocity potential and stream functions, flownet, separation.

Dynamics:—Euler's equation along streamline, control volume equation, continuity, momentum, energy and moment of momentum equation from control volume equation, applications to pipe flow, moving vanes, moment of momentum, Dimensional analysis.

Boundary layer on a flat plate, drag and lift on bodies. Laminar and Turbulent Flows. Laminar and turbulent flow through pipes, friction factor variation, pipe networks, water hammer, and surge tanks.

Open Channel Flow: Energy and momentum correction factors, uniform and non-uniform flows, specific energy and specific force,

critical depth, friction factors and roughness coefficients, flow in transitions, free overfall, weirs, hydraulic jump, surges, gradually varied flow equations, surface profiles, moving hydraulic jump.

Environmental Engineering:

Water Supply:—Estimation of surface and subsurface water resources, predicting demand for water, impurities of water and their significance, physical, chemical and bacteriological analysis, water borne diseases, standards for potable water.

Intake of water:—pumping and gravity schemes, water treatment: principles of coagulation, flocculation and sedimentation; slow-, rapid-, pressure, filters; chlorination, softening, removal of taste, odour and salinity.

Water storage and distribution: Storage and balancing reservoir types, location and capacity. Distribution systems: layout, hydraulics of pipe lines, pipe fittings, valves including check and pressure reducing valves, meters, analysis of distribution systems, leak detection, maintenance of distribution systems, pumping stations and their operations.

Sewerage systems:—Domestic and industrial wastes, storm sewage— separate and combined systems, flow through sewers, design of sewers, sewer appurtenances, manholes, inlets, junctions, siphon. Plumbing in Public buildings.

Sewage characterization:—BOD, COD, solids, dissloved oxygen, nitrogen and TOC. Standards of disposal in normal water course and on land.

Sewage treatment:—Working principles, units, chambers, sedimentation tank, trickling filters, oxidation ponds, activated sludge process, septic tank, disposal of sludge, recycling of waste water.

Construction Management:

Elements and principles of Activity on Arrow (AOA) and Activity on Node (AON) networks and work breakdown structure. Interfaces. Ladder networks. Activity time. Time computations and Floats. ATC and PTC trade-off. Work study and sampling. Scheduling principles-Material

schedules. ABC and EOQ analysis of inventory. Budgeting with barcharts. Working capital. PERT, probability of completion.

 Elements of Engineering Economics, methods of appraisal, present worth, annual cost, benefit-cost, incremental analysis. Economy of scale and size. Choosing between alternatives including levels of investments. Project profitability.