

SUBJECT : SOCIOLOGY

UNIT -I BASIC CONCEPTS

Society, community association, institution, Culture-culture change, diffusion, cultural lag, Cultural relativism, ethocentrism, Acculturation. Social Groups-Primary Secondary and reference groups.

Social structure, social system, social action. Status and role, role conflict rote set.

Norms and values-conformity and deviance, law and customs.

Socio-Cultural Processes.

Socialisation, assimilation, integration, cooperation competition, conflict, accommodation social distance, relative deprivation.

UNIT -II MARRIAGE, FAMILY AND KINSHIP

Marriage : Types of forms, marriage as contract and as a sacrament.

Family : Types, functions and changes .

Kinship : Terms and usages, rules of residence, descant inheritance.

UNIT -III: SOCIAL STRATIFICATION

Forms and functions, Caste and Class, Jajmanisystem, Purity and pollution, dominant caste., sanskritisation .

UNIT -IV : TYPES AND SOCIETY

Tribal, agrarian, industrial and post- industrial

UNIT -V : ECONOMY AND SOCIETY

Man, Nature and social production, economic systems of simple and complex societies, non-economic determinants of economic behaviour, market (free) economy and controlled (Planned) Economy.

UNIT- VI : INDUSTRIAL AND URBAN SOCIETY

Rural-Urban Continuum urban growth and urbanization-town, city and metropolis, basic features of Industrial society impact of automation of society, Industrialisation and environment.

UNIT- VII : SOCIAL DEMOGRAPHY

Population size, growth, composition and distribution in India, components of population growth-births deaths and migration, causes and consequences of population growth, population and social development, population policy.

UNIT- VIII : POLITICAL PROCESSES

Power, authority and legitimacy, political socialisation, political modernisation, pressure groups, caste and politics.

UNIT -IX : WEAKER SECTIONS AND MINORITIES

Social Justice-equal opportunity and special opportunity, protective discrimination, constitutional safeguards.

UNIT - X : SOCIAL CHANGE

Theories of change, factors of change, science, technology and change, Social Movements-peasant Movement, Women's Movement, Backward Caste Movement, Dalit Movement.

